البياب الثيامن

العلاقة بين القانون الأول والثاني للديناميكا الحرارية

$$du = d'q - d'w.$$

$$d'q = Tds$$
:

$$du = Tds - d'w (1)$$

pdν

(2)

du = Tds - pdv

p,T

ds V,p V,T

h u

> . p,h v,s

$$\beta \left(= \frac{1}{\nu} \left(\frac{\partial \nu}{\partial T} \right)_{p} \right), k \left(= -\frac{1}{\nu} \left(\frac{\partial \nu}{\partial p} \right)_{T} \right)$$

 $p \quad v \quad T \qquad c_p$

.

.

· v T ·

$$d\mathbf{u} = \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} d\mathbf{T} + \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathbf{T}} d\mathbf{v}$$

V

$$ds = \frac{1}{T} (du + pdv).$$
 (3)

$$ds = \frac{1}{T} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial T} \right)_{\nu} dT + \frac{1}{T} \left[p + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} \right)_{T} \right] d\nu$$

$$ds = \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial T}\right)_{v} dT + \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial v}\right)_{T} dv \tag{4}$$

dv dT

· -- \

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{s}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{T}} \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} \tag{)}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{s}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathbf{T}} = \frac{1}{\mathbf{T}} \left[\mathbf{p} + \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathbf{T}} \right] \tag{6}$$

 $\begin{bmatrix} \langle OV \rangle_T & I & \langle OV \rangle_T \end{bmatrix}$

:

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \nu} \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial T} \right)_{\nu} \end{bmatrix}_{T} = \begin{bmatrix}
\frac{\partial}{\partial T} \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial \nu} \right)_{T} \end{bmatrix}_{\nu} = \frac{\partial^{2} s}{\partial \nu \partial T} = \frac{\partial^{2} s}{\partial T \partial \nu}$$

$$T \qquad (5) \quad (6)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\frac{1}{T} \frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial \nu \partial T} = \frac{1}{T} \left[\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial T \partial \nu} + \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_{\nu} \right] - \frac{1}{T^2} \left[\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} \right)_{T} + p \right]$$

$$\left[\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} \right)_{\mathrm{T}} + \mathbf{p} \right] = \mathbf{T} \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{T}} \right)_{\mathbf{v}} \tag{7}$$

:

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathrm{T}} = \frac{\mathbf{T}\boldsymbol{\beta}}{\mathbf{k}} - \mathbf{p}.$$

$$(\partial \mathbf{u}/\partial \mathbf{v})_{\mathrm{T}}$$
(8)

$$C_{p} - C_{v} = \left[\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial v} \right)_{T} + p \right] \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial v} \right)_{p}$$

:

$$C_{p} - C_{v} = T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_{v} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T} \right)_{p}$$
 (9)

$$\left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_{\nu} = \frac{\beta}{k}, \left(\frac{\partial \nu}{\partial T}\right)_{\nu} = \beta_{\nu} \qquad :$$

$$C_{p} - C_{\nu} = \frac{\beta^{2} T \nu}{k} \tag{10}$$

k
$$\beta$$
 $C_p - C_v$

 k, β c_v c_p

. 300°K

$$c_p - c_v = \frac{(4.9 \times 10^{-5})^2 \times 300 \times (7.15 \times 10^{-3})}{7.7 \times 10^{-12}}$$
= 667 /

:

$$c_{p}-c_{v}=R=8315 \qquad /$$
 ()
$$(\partial s/\partial v) \quad (\partial s/\partial T)_{v}$$

$$c_{v}=(\partial u/\partial T) \qquad () \qquad ()$$

VI

$$\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial T}\right)_{v} = \frac{c_{v}}{T} = \frac{c_{p}}{T} - \frac{\beta^{2}_{v}}{\kappa},\tag{11}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{s}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathbf{T}} = \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{\beta}{\kappa} \tag{12}$$

: ()

$$ds = \frac{c_v}{T} dT + \frac{\beta}{\kappa} dv$$
 (13)

$$Tds = c_{v}dT + \frac{\beta T}{\kappa} dv \qquad (14)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial c_{v}}{\partial v}\right)_{T} = \left(\frac{\partial^{2} p}{\partial T^{2}}\right)_{v} \tag{15}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{T}^2}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} =$$

:

$$\left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_{v} = \frac{R}{v}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_{v} = \frac{R}{v - b}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial c_{v}}{\partial v}\right)_{T} = T\left(\frac{\partial^{2} p}{\partial T^{2}}\right)_{v} = \vdots$$

 $p v c_v$

$$\left(\frac{\partial c_{v}}{\partial p}\right)_{T} = \left(\frac{\partial c_{v}}{\partial v}\right)_{T} \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial p}\right)_{T} =$$

T

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{p}}\right)_{T} = \mathbf{p} \kappa \mathbf{v} - \mathbf{T} \beta \mathbf{v},\tag{16}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial T}\right)_{p} = \frac{c_{p}}{T}, \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial p}\right)_{T} = -\beta \nu,$$
 (17)

$$\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial p}\right)_{v} = \frac{\kappa c_{p}}{\beta T}, \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial v}\right)_{p} = \frac{c_{p}}{\beta v T}, \tag{18}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial c_{p}}{\partial p}\right)_{T} = -T \left(\frac{\partial^{2} s}{\partial T^{2}}\right)_{p} \tag{19}$$

$$Tds = c_{\nu}dT + \frac{\beta T}{\kappa} d\nu$$

$$Tds = c_{p}dT - \beta \nu T dp,$$

$$Tds = \frac{\kappa c_{p}}{\beta} dp + \frac{c_{p}}{\beta} d\nu$$

$$Tds$$

$$(20)$$

Tds ds T

:

Tds ds T .

C,

$$c_p \quad c_v$$

$$\vdots \qquad \qquad \kappa = 1/p \; , \; \beta = 1/T$$

$$ds \quad = c_v \frac{dT}{T} + R \frac{dv}{v} \qquad \qquad (21)$$

$$ds = c_p \frac{dT}{T} - R \frac{dp}{v}$$
 (22)

$$ds = c_p \frac{dv}{v} + c_v \frac{dp}{v}$$
 (23)

o

 $s = s_o + \int_{T_o}^{T} c_v \frac{dT}{T} + R \ln \frac{v}{v_o}$, (24)

 \mathbf{v}_{o}

 $s = s_o + \int_{T_o}^{T} c_p \frac{dT}{T} + R \ln \frac{p}{p_o}$, (25)

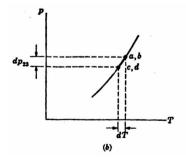
 $s = s_{o} + \int_{s_{o}}^{s} c_{p} \frac{dv}{v} + \int_{s_{o}}^{s} c_{v} \frac{dp}{p}$ (26)

.

 $s = s_0 + c_v \ln \frac{T}{T_0} + R \ln \frac{v}{v_0}$, (2)

 $s = s_o + c_p \ln \frac{T}{T_o} - R \ln \frac{p}{p_o}$, (2)

 $s = s_o + c_p \ln \frac{v}{v_v} + c_v \ln \frac{p}{p_o}$ (29)



```
s - s_o
                      aeb adb acb
                                      ac
                                                      eb
                                               ad
                                                                                  db
                          ae
      (dq/T)
                                                                   eb
                               . a b
 kβ
                  Tds
                                                            (17), (14)
          ds = c_v \frac{dT}{T} + R \frac{dv}{v - b}
          s = s_o + \int_{T_o}^{T} c_v \frac{dT}{T} + R \ln \frac{v - b}{v_v - b}
                                                                (30)
V
                                                         (30)
          s = s_o + c_v \ln \frac{T}{T_o} + R \ln \frac{v - b}{v_v - b}
                                                                (31)
                               v, p p T
                                                                   Tds
```

= s

ds = 0

Tds

$$(\) \\ . \ s = \\ (\) \ (\) \\ . \ s = \\ (\) \ (\) \\ . \ s = \\ (\) \ (\) \\ . \ (\$$

4°c

$$Tds = 0 = c_p dT_s - \beta \nu T dp_s,$$

$$dT_s = \frac{\beta \nu T}{c_p} dp_s,$$
(35)

$$(T_2 - T_1)_s = \frac{\beta v T}{c_p} (p_2 - p_1)_s,$$
 (36)
 $\beta c_p T v \beta$

:
$$Tds = dq_T$$
 $dT = 0$ Tds
 $dq_T = -\beta \nu T dp_T$,
 $q_T = -\beta \nu T (p_2 - p_1)_T$ (37)
(37), (36)

. Tds

$$Tds = 0 = \frac{\kappa c_{\nu}}{\beta} dp_{s} + \frac{c_{p}}{\beta \nu} dvs$$

$$-\frac{1}{\nu} \left(\frac{\partial \nu}{\partial p}\right)_{s} = \kappa \frac{c_{\nu}}{c_{p}}.$$

$$(38)$$

$$\kappa = -\frac{1}{\nu} \left(\frac{\partial \nu}{\partial p} \right)_{T}$$

$$\gamma = c_p \ / \ c_v \qquad \qquad . \ \kappa_s$$

$$\kappa_{\rm s} = -\frac{\dot{\gamma}}{\gamma}$$
 $\gamma = c_{\rm v}$

$$\gamma$$
 $c_{
m v}$ $c_{
m p}$

 $dp \\ d_{v}$

$$($$
 $)$ k_s

$$d\nu_s = - \kappa_s \nu dp_s$$

$$: \qquad v \qquad k_s$$

$$(\mathbf{v}_2 - \mathbf{v}_1)_{\mathbf{s}} = \kappa_{\mathbf{s}} \mathbf{v} \ (\mathbf{p}_1 - \mathbf{p}_2).$$

.
$$\int$$
 pd v_s .

$$:$$
 k_s

$$d'W_T = -dF_T$$

$$W_T = (F_1 - F_2)_T.$$
 (45)

 $d'A_{T,p} = -dG_{T,p}$

$$d'A_{T,p} = (G_1 - G_2)_{T,p}.$$
(46)

pdv

$$F = U - TS : c_v$$

$$= U_o + nc_v(T - To) - TS_o - nc_v \ln \frac{T}{T_o} - RT \ln \frac{V}{V_o}$$

 V_2 V_1

$$F_1 - F_2 = nRT \text{ in } \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

p, T

•

$$g'' - g''' = (u'' - Ts'' + p\nu'') - (u''' - Ts''' + p\nu''')$$

$$= (u''' - u'') + T(s''' + s'') - p(\nu''' - \nu'')$$

$$p(\nu''' - \nu'') \quad l_{23} \qquad T(s''' + s'')$$

:

$$g'' - g'''$$

: .

F pdV

G I

$$p-v-T$$

$$d'a = 0$$
, $d'w = pdv$

df = - sdT - pdvdg = - sdT + vdp

 $dh = Tds + \nu dp$:

du = Tds - pdv:

$$du = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial s}\right)_{v} ds + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial v}\right)_{s} dv$$

dh df dg

:

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{s}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} = \mathbf{T}, \qquad \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathbf{s}} = -\mathbf{p},$$
 (47)

$$\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\right)_{T} = -p, \quad \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial T}\right)_{v} = -s,$$
 (48)

$$\left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial T}\right)_{p} = -s, \quad \left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial p}\right)_{T} = v,$$
 (4)

$$\left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial s}\right)_{p} = T, \qquad \left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial p}\right)_{s} = \nu,$$
 (50)

()

.

u

. S

 $ds \qquad du \qquad .$ $f = u - Ts \qquad .$

 $-u-13 \qquad (48)$

.

: *

h g f

 $\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{s} \partial \mathbf{v}} = \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{v} \partial \mathbf{s}}$

() h g f . (

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{s}}{\partial \mathbf{p}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} = -\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{s}} \tag{51}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{s}}{\partial \mathbf{v}}\right)_{\mathbf{T}} = \left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{v}} \tag{52}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{s}}{\partial \mathbf{p}}\right)_{\mathbf{T}} = -\left(\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{T}}\right)_{\mathbf{p}} \tag{53}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial v}\right)_{p} = \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T}\right)_{s} \tag{54}$$

.

g''', g'' T p

dg"', : dg"

$$dg = - sdT + vdp$$

: dp dT

-s"dT + v"dp = -s"'dT + v"'dp,(v"'-v")dp = (s"'-s")dT :

$$s''' - s'' = \frac{l_{23}}{T},$$
:

$$\frac{\mathrm{dp}}{\mathrm{dT}} = \frac{l_{23}}{\mathrm{T}(\mathbf{v'''} - \mathbf{v''})}$$

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: :

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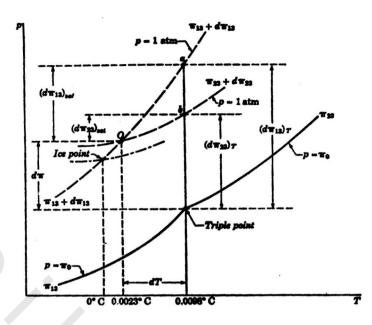
•

(b)

T $m_o \\ m_{22} \\ p = m_o$

 $(d\pi_{23})_T \qquad dp$ $dg''', \ dg'''$ dg''' = dg''' : $dg = -sdT + \nu dp = \nu dp, \qquad :$

$$(d\pi_{23})_T \\ v''', \ v'' \qquad dp \\ v''dp = v'''(d\pi_{23})_T, \ : \\ (d\pi_{23})_T = \frac{v''}{v'''}dp. \qquad (55) : \\ v''', \ v'' \\ v'' \leq \\ V \qquad (a) \\ 4.58 \qquad S$$



 π_{12} π_{23}

 $.\pi_0$

 $\pi_{22} + d\pi_{23}$

.

 $(d\pi_{23})_T$ π_{23} $\pi_{13} + d\pi_{13}$.()

 π_{13} . $(d\pi_{13})_T$

 $(d\pi_{13})_T = \frac{v'}{v'''} dp$ (56)

 $d\pi_{13}\!>d\pi_{23} \qquad \ v'' < v'$

b, a

(b)

 $(d\pi_{23})_T$

 $(d\pi_{23})_{sat}$

0

$$d\pi = (d\pi_{23})_{T} + (d\pi_{23})_{sat}$$

$$(d\pi_{23})_{sat}$$
(57)

dT

 $d\pi = (d\pi_{13})_T + (d\pi_{13})sat$ (58)

$$(d\pi_{23})_{sat} = \frac{l_{23}}{T(\nu'''-\nu'')} dT,$$

$$(d\pi_{13})_{sat} = \frac{l_{13}}{T(\nu'''-\nu')} dT,$$

$$(d\pi_{13})_{sat} = \frac{l_{13}}{T(\nu'''-\nu')} dT,$$

$$(d\pi_{13})_{sat} = \frac{l_{13}}{T(\nu'''-\nu')} dT,$$

$$(d\pi_{13})_{sat} = \frac{l_{23}}{T(\nu'''-\nu')} dT,$$

$$(d\pi_{13})_{sat} = \frac{l_{23}}{T(\nu'''-\nu')} dT,$$

$$(d\pi_{13})_{sat} = \frac{l_{23}}{T(\nu'''-\nu')} dT,$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{v''}}{\mathbf{v'''}} d\mathbf{p} + \frac{l_{23}}{\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{v'''} - \mathbf{v''})} d\mathbf{t} = \frac{\mathbf{v'}}{\mathbf{v'''}} d\mathbf{p} + \frac{l_{13}}{\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{v'''} - \mathbf{v'})} d\mathbf{T}$$

$$\mathbf{v'''} \qquad \mathbf{v''}, \mathbf{v'}$$

$$dT = \frac{T(v''-v')}{l_{13}} dp.$$
 (59)

dT

 $+ l_{22} + l_{23}$

T
$$\approx 273^{\circ}$$
 K, v" = 1.00 $\times 10^{-3}$ m²/kgm,
v' = 1.09 $\times 10^{-3}$ m²/kgm, $l_{12} - 2.3 \times 10^{5}$ joules/kgm

$$dT = \frac{273(1.00 \times 10^{-3} - 1.09 \times 10^{-3})}{3.3 \times 10^{5}} \times 10^{5}$$

= 0.0075 degree

145

₃ +

. $d\pi_{23}$. (b)

0.0023°C . 0°C

: - :

dh = Tds + vdp:

.

$$dh = T \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial T}\right)_{v} dT + \left[T \left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial p}\right)_{T} + v\right] dp$$
 (60)

:

$$T\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial T}\right)_{p} = c_{p}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial s}{\partial p}\right)_{T} = -\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T}\right)_{p}$$
:

: ()

$$Dh = c_p dT + \left[v - T \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T} \right)_p \right] dp.$$
 (61)

dh = 0 h

$$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial p}\right)_{h} = -\frac{1}{c_{p}} \left[v - T \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T}\right)_{p} \right]$$
 (62)

pdV pdV dC EdC \mathbf{C} Q . E pdV (C **(**E p . pdV Y_2, Y_1 X_2 , X_1 Y_2dX_2 , Y_1dX_1 $. \ TdX \\$ dCdx, E d'W = pdV + YdX :G = U - TS + pV :dG = dU - TdS - SdT + pdV + Vdp :TdS = dU + d'W = dU + pdV + YdS.dG = -SdT + Vdp + YdX.

 $G_1 = H_1 + T \left(\frac{\partial G_1}{\partial T} \right)_{n,x}$

$$G = H + T \left(\frac{\partial G_2}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X}$$

$$\cdot a \qquad b \qquad \vdots$$

$$(G_1 - G_1) = (H_1 - H_1) + T \left[\left(\frac{\partial G_1}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X} - \left(\frac{\partial G_2}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X}\right] \quad (65)$$

$$e \quad d \qquad \vdots$$

$$\cdot T + \Delta T \qquad p \qquad G$$

$$\cdot T + \Delta T \qquad G_1 - G_2 \qquad da$$

$$(G_1 - G_1)_{(T + \Delta T)} = (G_1 - G_1)_{(T)} + \left[\frac{\partial (G_1 - G_2)}{\partial T}\right]_p \Delta T :$$

$$fe = \left(\frac{\partial G_2}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X} \Delta T \quad be = \left(\frac{\partial G_1}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X} \Delta T :$$

$$ab + bc = fe + ed \qquad \vdots$$

$$dT \qquad \Delta T$$

$$\vdots \qquad \Delta T$$

$$(G_1 - G_1)_{(T)} + \left(\frac{\partial G_1}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X} dT + (G_1 - G_1)_{(T)} + \left[\frac{\partial (G_1 - G_2)}{\partial T}\right]_p dT$$

$$\vdots \qquad dT \qquad (G_1 - G_2)_{(T)}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial G_1}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X} - \left(\frac{\partial G_2}{\partial T}\right)_{p,X} = \left[\frac{\partial (G_1 - G_2)}{\partial T}\right]_p$$

$$A \qquad (pdV)$$

```
A = (H_1 - H_1) + T \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial T}\right)_p
                                                                              (66)
A
                                   T
                                                                     X
                  . p
                                                                  X
                                            A
                  ( X
                                               . (\partial A/\partial T)_p p, T
                                                                             (\partial A/\partial p)_T
              (
                       Zn
                                                        Zn^{++}
                                                                               Н
                                                                                              Cu^{++}
                               Cu
         Zn + Cu^{++} \longrightarrow Zn^{++} + Cu
                                                                              (67)
```

. T . ε p εC .A . $A = \varepsilon C$. H_1-H_2 $H_2 \ - \ H_1$ n . $H_1 - H_2 = nQ$: F

Z

151

. nzF

FZ

n

n

C = nzF:

$$\varepsilon C = nQ + TC \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial T}\right)_{p},$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{nQ}{C} + T \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial T}\right)_{p},$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{Q}{zF} + T \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial T}\right)_{p}.$$
(68) :

 $. \hspace{1.5cm} (H_1-H_2) \\$ pdV

pdV ()

 $(\partial A/\partial T)_p$

nQ

()

 $T(\partial \epsilon/\partial T)_p$ ε $-(\partial \epsilon/\partial T)_p$

"pdV"

N A l

. I

 $\Phi = BA$ В dt (mks di

dt $d'A = \varepsilon idl = NAidB$ d'A

H = Ni/lΗ

d'a = vIIdB, d'A = VIIdB, :

V = Al = mv

TdS = du + pdv - vHdB.. $B = \mu_0(H + M)$

M В

. $vHdB = \mu_o vHdH + \mu_o vHdM$:

dM, M

pdv

$$Tds = du - \mu_o \nu H dM \tag{69A}$$
 . T H M

 \mathbf{S} f(p, v, T)f(M, H, T) = 0=0

> Tds = du + pdv(69B)(69B) (69A)

p $dv \mu_o v M$ $\mu_o v dM$ v, H Η

.M

u

 C_{H}) H K β

 $c_{\rm H} = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial T}\right)_{\rm H} = -\mu_o \nu H \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial T}\right)_{\rm H},$ (70)

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial H}\right)_{T} = \mu_{o} \nu \left[H \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial H}\right)_{T} + T \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial H}\right)_{H} \right]$$
(71)

$$Tds = c_H dT + \mu_o \nu T \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial T} \right)_H dH. \tag{72}$$
 1°K

 $dT = 0 () dH_T$

 $d'_{qT} = Tds_T = \mu_o \nu T \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial T}\right)_H dH_T.$ (73)

 $. ds = 0 dH_s$

 $dT_{s} = -\frac{\mu_{o}\nu T}{c_{H}} \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial T}\right)_{H} dH_{T}. \tag{74}$

m M $m c_H$

Curie's law

 $M = C \frac{H}{T},$

.

 $p\nu = RT$

:

$$\left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial H}\right)_{T} = \frac{C}{T}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial T}\right)_{H} = -\frac{CH}{T^{+2}}$$

$$\vdots \qquad (75)$$

H/T M

* * *

الأســــئلة

```
300°K
                                                                      1atm
                                                                                (a)
                                                                                (b)
50atm
                                                          300°K
                                 CO_2 (b)
                                                                         CO<sub>2</sub> (a)
                    0°C
8.9 x
                             \rho, k, \beta
                                                     1000 atm
                                                                        1 atm
                           10^3Kgm/m<sup>3</sup>, 8 x 10^{-12}(n/m<sup>2</sup>)<sup>-1</sup>, 5 x 10^{-5}deg<sup>-1</sup>
1 atm
                       0°C
13.6 \times 10^3 \text{ Kgm/m}^3
                                                                k, β
                                                           200.6
c_p - c_v
                             Η
                            −2°C
1 atm
                         . c_p = 2090 \text{ Joules}  \rho = 920 \text{ Kgm/m}^3
```

```
500 1b/in<sup>2</sup>
1.657 Btu/1b-deg
                                              . 1412 Btu/1b 800°F
                                                                                F
67 عندما يتبخر رطل واحد من الماء عند \Delta g \cdot \Delta h \cdot \Delta s \cdot \Delta u
                                                              . 1b/in, 300°F
                                                            . 1671cm<sup>3</sup>
                                                                 . 539 cal/gm
                                              (\Delta G)
                                                                   (\Delta H)
                             P = K \exp
                                                      D C B
                       (
Н
                                                    T
```

159

H

: T_2 c_H

$$T_2^2 = T_1^2 - \frac{2T_{1\eta T_1}}{c_H}$$

 $3^{\circ}K$ $c_H = 10^{-3}T^3$ Joule/deg

 $.5 \times 10^{-3}$ Joule